

BY AUTHORITY.



# WATER NOTICE.

Owing to the scarcity of water, the hours for irrigation will be limited to 4 hours per day, from 6 to 8 a. m., and from 4 to 6 p. m., until further notice.

CHAS. B. WILSON,

Superintendent of Water Works.

Approved: CHAS. T. GILCHRIST,

Minister of Interior.

January 30, 1885. 953 1f

## BISHOP & Co., BANKERS

Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

Draw Exchange on the

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NEW YORK, BOSTON, HONG KONG.

Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Son, London.

The Commercial Bank Co., of Sydney, London.

The Commercial Bank Co., of Sydney, Sydney.

The Bank of New Zealand: Auckland, Christchurch, and Wellington.

The Bank of British Columbia, Victoria, B. C. and Portland, Or.

—AND—

Transact a General Banking Business.

669 1v

## The Daily Bulletin.

Pledged to neither Sect nor Party.

But established for the benefit of all.

MONDAY, MARCH 9, 1885.

### THIS EVENING'S DOINGS.

Skating, 7.

Roller Coaster, 7.

Band, Emma Square, 7:30.

Harmony Lodge, I.O.O.F., 7:30.

### MEETING OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL.

As we go to press the Privy Council of the Kingdom is in session. Great public interest centres in this meeting, as it is believed decisive action will be taken on the currency question. There is also generally believed to be a variance in the Ministry upon this and matters of general administration, which intensifies the interest. It is earnestly to be hoped that the members of Council have come together free from bias of either party, section, or interest. There is evidently a determination gathering strength every hour in the community, to stand a temporizing policy but very little longer. Something must be done to lift the existing embargo upon trade, and establish more satisfactory relations between the Government and the governed.

### EDITORIAL NOTES.

A correspondent does not agree with the *Saturday Press* that the mango is exportable as a fresh fruit, but recommends that it be made into jams or pickles for the foreign market.

It appears the Pacific Mail subsidy has still some hope in Congress. On Feb. 23rd, the Senate decided that it was not out of order to insert an item of \$400,000 for that service in the Post Office Appropriation bill.

In spite of dull times the circulation of the BULLETIN is increasing every day. It is now more valuable as an advertising medium than it has ever been. Merchants are given, for very moderate charges, the advantage of announcing the goods they have to sell to a majority of the English-speaking population of Honolulu every evening.

In view of the difficulties encountered in eradicating any contagious disease in these Islands, whether it be in man or beast, we suggest that the Island of Oahu be quarantined for horses, to prevent the spread of glanders to the Islands not yet affected. The residents of other Islands are becoming alarmed, and it is only reasonable that they be given this protection. The law gives the Minister of the Interior all necessary power.

### LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

In the British House of Commons, Feb. 23rd, Sir Stafford Northcote moved a vote of censure upon the Government for its Egyptian policy. The resolution asserted the necessity of establishing a good and stable government of Egypt and those portions of the Sudan necessary for its security. In supporting his motion, Northcote said the disappointing result of the Government policy was due, not to particular faults here and there, but

to the general spirit wherein the advisers of the Crown conducted matters. He claimed a fulfillment of the following words in General Gordon's message of April 16th: "If troops are not sent it will leave upon the Government the indelible disgrace of abandoning the garrisons, with the certainty of their being compelled eventually to submit to El Mahdi." Sir Stafford closed as follows: "The country has heard quite enough of the policy of 'Rescue and retire.' In fact, we have been too much a slave to phrases. Hicks Pasha's unhappy expedition should have been prevented or made more effective. The Government has conducted the whole business with the fatal drawback of having to proclaim that its mission was only temporary. Now some distinct announcement is demanded. Is the war one of vengeance, or for the purpose of attaining some useful object? It is impossible to retain confidence in the Government with the fear always uppermost that it would by its after course destroy by words the effect of what it was doing. The Government must drop the habit of evading troubles by the adoption of a few smart phrases. We are getting daily into deeper water and whatever the consequences may be, I feel compelled to summon the House to pronounce a verdict in our case, the same as it has done on previous occasions, with the additional experience of the value of the Ministry's prose and the success of the Ministry's action. It is impossible for any Government to command success when it is dependent on the support of two sections, one urging the abandonment, the other supporting its policy of an advancement. The greatest difficulty among the many England has to encounter is in the hearts of Her Majesty's Ministers."

John Morley (Liberal) offered an amendment in favor of the evacuation of the Sudan. He regretted the decision to smash the Mahdi, and said the Tories were partially blamable for the death of General Gordon through their importuning the Government with questions and preventing a compliance with General Gordon's request for the assistance of Zebek Pasha. Something might still be done, he thought, by negotiation with the Mahdi, but the Sudan must be left to the Sudanese.

Mr. Gladstone paid a tribute to General Gordon, saying his one object in life was to do good, irrespective of race, color, or creed. He repeated what Morley had said regarding Zebek Pasha, and denied that the Government had any reason last year to suppose that General Gordon was in imminent danger. General Gordon's own dispatches, said Gladstone, had led the Government to believe he would retreat with the garrison southward if possible. The Government had not changed a hair's breadth from the covenant to send General Gordon assistance when necessary and when possible to do so. He referred to the statements of General Gordon's Colonels that under no circumstances could relief have been timely, as Farag had long ago agreed to betray Khartoum as soon as the British arrived. Mr. Gladstone said he fully shared in the regret for the loss of the gallant officer, General Gordon, but there was some comfort in believing that no great effusion of blood had occurred at Khartoum. England's mission in the Sudan was the safety of Egypt. The Government might have committed errors of judgment, but throughout it had acted with honesty of purpose. He felt satisfied that no other course was open to them. He referred to the better government and other reforms established in Egypt, and said there was no longer any danger of a rupture with France, which had cordially assisted in a measure which he hoped in a few days to see formally completed, and which should save Egypt from bankruptcy. If Sir Stafford Northcote wanted to establish a good stable Government in the Sudan such a covenant was not compatible with common prudence, because it meant the establishment of a British Christian Government over Mohammedans. This would entail an endless struggle, for the people were courageous by birth

and were made reckless by fanaticism. The Government declined to enter into any covenant not reasonable and prudent. Even without the determination to smash the Mahdi, the Sudan expedition was necessary to secure the retirement of the troops. If the House thought the Government had failed in its duty, the latter would cheerfully accept the verdict, but if they believed it had acted with good intentions and with palpable errors of judgment, he hoped they would give expression to their confidence and thus strengthen the hands of the whole country in the face of the world. Mr. Gladstone was greeted with prolonged cheering at the close of his speech.

On a motion by Mr. Gladstone the following day, to give the vote of censure discussion precedence over all other business, the Parnellite members became noisy, and upon a ruling of the speaker against them William O'Brien, editor of *United Ireland*, shouted out, "We will remember this in Ireland." For this he was named by the speaker, and a motion of Mr. Gladstone to suspend the named member passed by 241 to 20. The speaker ordered O'Brien to withdraw, whereupon he arose, straightened himself up to his full height, and exclaiming with great precision and sarcasm, "Certainly, sir; I will withdraw from the House with more pleasure than I entered it," strode out.

At a caucus of Conservative Peers and Commons, that evening, the Marquis of Salisbury was fervently cheered upon declaring that he was confident of the defeat of the Government, and that he was ready to assume the responsibilities of office.

In the House of Lords Baron Wentworth moved an amendment to the vote of censure that had also been moved there. The amendment declares Her Majesty's forces should not occupy the Sudan longer than necessary, and, in the interests of Egypt and the British Empire, it is undesirable to prevent the Egyptian people from exercising their right to select their own Government.

The Marquis of Salisbury's motion of censure was adopted by the Lords by 189 to 68. Lord Northcote's motion of censure was rejected by the Commons by 302 to 288, giving the Government a majority of 14. The vote was taken on the 27th ult. Mr. Goschen and a section of the Whigs, together with the Parnellite members, voted against the Government.

Latest advices indicate that the Ministry has decided to remain in office.

### THE SUDAN WAR.

A number of Gen. Gordon's despatches have been published in London. From a letter dated Dec. 14th it appears Gordon never said he could hold out for years, but on the contrary he declared that food was scarce and relief should be sent to him at once.

The Marquis of Lorne has deprecated, in a letter, the British advance against Khartoum, now that Gordon is dead. "The British," he contends, "should be satisfied to take up a position on the Nile to block the Mahdi from advancing into Lower Egypt."

The Italian force at Massowah will be raised to 5,000 effective troops and eighteen cannons. Fortifications there are being greatly strengthened by the Italians. The Italian Government has sent \$100,000 to Massowah for the purchase of camels. This action indicates that Italy intends to take steps for the relief of Kassala. The second Italian expedition to the Red Sea, under Col. Lertentitz, arrived at Assab Bay the last of February.

A nun taken prisoner at the fall of Khartoum, in a letter confirms the statement that El Mahdi's troops massacred the soldiers of the garrison and many peaceful citizens, and she states that the number of persons slaughtered was fully 2,000.

Gen. Buller arrived at Gakdul Wells, with his entire force, on Feb. 26th. His troops were much exhausted. They had no encounters with the enemy after leaving Abou Klea. The total loss of the desert column after leaving Korti, in killed and disabled, was 30 officers and 450 men.

A Cairo despatch, Feb. 27, says Gen. Graham received an injury in the leg and would have to take a week's rest before going to Suakin.

The rebels were very active at Suakin the latter part of February. They wrecked three of the advanced redoubts without exploding the mines prepared by the naval brigade and engineers. After this action of the rebels, Lieut. Askwith went to alter the arrangement for exploding the mines, and while examining one of the mines it exploded and Askwith was blown to pieces.

A New York firm has contracted with the British Government to lay a double four-inch pipe line across the desert, from Suakin to Berber, a distance of 260 miles, for supplying water to troops and locomotives, and for other purposes.

Reports are current in Durban that it is proposed to raise a contingent of 5,000 Zulus for the Sudan.

Gen. Brackenbury, successor to the late Gen. Earle, on the 21st Feb. took his entire force, including 780 animals, guns and equipments, across to the right bank of the Nile at Hebed, and was to have advanced next day to Abu Hamed, 40 miles distant.

Sickness and crime among Gen. Wolsley's troops have been exceedingly light, considering the climate and circumstances. English temperance papers point to this fact as the happy result of the General's rigorous prohibition of liquor to his men.

### GENERAL.

General Grant is suffering from a cancerous growth in the throat, which the doctors believe will end his days within six months. A medical consultation decided some time ago to limit him to half a cigar a day, but the General within a week stopped smoking altogether.

Mrs. James Russell Lowell, wife of the American Minister in London, is dead. Her remains were interred in Kensal Green Cemetery on Feb. 23rd.

## EMMERSON'S California Minstrel!

Enroute to Australia

Will Give a Season of

## Six Performances

— AT THE —

## MUSIC HALL.

— COMMENCING —

Thursday, March 12, 1885.

Seats will be sold at Wiseman's, Wednesday, the 11th, at 12 o'clock. 964 4t

### PERSONAL.

MR. B. H. GRANT will please communicate with C. Brewer & Co. by letter. 964 3t

### SITUATION WANTED.

BY A JAPANESE who speaks English, a situation where he can make himself generally useful. Apply to TOM at this office. 964 1w\*

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— FOR SALE BY —

H. Hackfeld & Co.

964 1w

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Description of land on King Street, L. C. A. 637 to Kuluwailohua.

BEGINNING at the west corner of this adjoining Nani and a yard belonging to C. Kanaina, and running S. 39° E. 109 links along the makai side of this house lot, and to the yard belonging to Hakau thence N. 53° E. 165 links to an anahua, N. 43° E. 2 chains along the yard of Hakau and M. Kekuanana to the makai side of King Street, thence a little to left hand 8 links east corner makai of C. Kanaina's lot, S. 41° W. 173 links along C. Kanaina to a crooked place, thence N. 51° W. 133 links along C. Kanaina to C. Kanaina's old yard, thence toward the sea along the said yard to place of commencement. Area, 22,231 Acres.

The above land is for sale or lease to a good tenant on easy terms. Apply to T. W. RAWLINS, Lolo Soap Works. 964 1w

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## TEMPLE of FASHION

NO. 63 FORT STREET.

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Prices Reduced in all Departments below cost.

## No Reasonable Offer Refused!

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The combined stock of the two firms gives us a very full and complete line of goods at lowest market rates. All orders sent to the undersigned, or to Mr. Samuel Nott for specialties in the class of goods formerly sold by him, will at present receive his personal attention and supervision.

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67 and 69 Hotel Street.

JUST RECEIVED, EX MARIPOSA.—On Ice, Quail, Cala Fresh Salmon, Cala Flounders, Cauliflowers, Celery, Eastern Oysters, in tin and shell; and Red Cabbage.

ALSO—Boxes Table Raisins, Boxes Cala Dried Figs, Cases Duret Safad Oil, pints and 1/2 pints; Cases Lucas Salad Oil, Eggs, Salt Water Cucumbers, Kegs of Mixed Pickles, Kits Salmon Bellies, Best Russian Caviar, Casks Dupre Hams, Dried Peaches, Dried Fruits of all kinds, 2 lb tins Cala Butter, all kinds Canned Meats, Fresh Cala Table Apples, Cases Eagle Cond. Milk, P & M Yeast Powder, Sacks Dairy Salt, Boxes Aldon Dried Apples, Legs Soused Pigs' Feet, Kits Mackerel, Cases Soused Mackerel, Casks Star Hams, Dupre Bacon, Fresh German, Island Potatoes, all kinds Canned Vegetables, all kinds Canned Fruits, Fresh Ground Kona Coffee every day. Our Prices are low. Goods delivered to all parts of the city.

Island Orders solicited. Telephone No. 240. P. O. Box 297. 962

## The Corner Harness Store

Still to the Front!

Large invoices of Goods (of all descriptions) having been received by me, they

WILL BE SOLD AT LOWER PRICES,

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Saddles, Belts, Pouches, Leggings, Saddle Cloths, School Bags, &c., Bits, Spurs and Stirrups, &c., in Nickel and Silver Plate

The reputation of my HOME-MADE HARNESS for superiority of workmanship and material remains unchallenged during my six years' residence here. Thankful for the generous patronage of the past, its continuance and increase in the future is respectfully solicited at the old stand.

CHAS. HAMMER.

886 3m Corner of Fort and King streets, Honolulu, H. I.

## JOSEPH E. WISEMAN,

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AGENT FOR THE NEW MUSIC HALL AT HONOLULU—Companies abroad will correspond with me for terms, etc. Orders for Island Shells, Curio, Lava Specimens, Native Views and Photos carefully filled and forwarded to all parts of the World.

Information appertaining to the Islands given and all correspondence faithfully answered.

JOSEPH E. WISEMAN,

General Business Agent, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

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